

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 1, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 16, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 26, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2016

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 6, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 1069

Introduced by Senator Wieckowski
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Atkins)

February 16, 2016

An act to amend Sections 65582.1, 65583.1, 65589.4, 65852.150, 65852.2, and 66412.2 of the Government Code, relating to land use.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1069, as amended, Wieckowski. Land use: zoning.

The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of a city or county to regulate, among other things, the intensity of land use, and also authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of 2nd units in single-family and multifamily residential zones, as specified. That law makes findings and declarations with respect to the value of 2nd units to California's housing supply.

This bill would replace the term "second unit" with "accessory dwelling unit" throughout the law. The bill would additionally find and declare that, among other things, allowing accessory dwelling units in single-family or multifamily residential zones provides additional rental housing—~~stock~~ *stock*, and these units are an essential component of housing supply in California.

The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the ordinance for the creation of 2nd units in single-family and multifamily residential zones to include specified provisions regarding areas where accessory dwelling units may be located, standards, including the imposition of parking standards, and lot density. Existing law, when a local agency has not adopted an ordinance governing 2nd units as so described, requires the local agency to approve or disapprove the application ministerially, as provided.

This bill would instead require the ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units to include the provisions described above. The bill would prohibit the imposition of parking standards under specified circumstances. The bill would revise requirements for the approval or disapproval of an accessory dwelling unit application when a local agency has not adopted an ordinance. The bill would also require the ministerial approval of an application for a building permit to create ~~an~~ *one* accessory dwelling unit within the existing space of a ~~single-family~~ *single-family* residence or accessory structure, as specified. *The bill would prohibit a local agency from requiring an applicant for this permit to install a new or separate utility connection directly between the unit and the utility or imposing a related connection fee or capacity charge. The bill would authorize a local agency to impose this requirement for other accessory dwelling units.*

By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 65582.1 of the Government Code is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 65582.1. The Legislature finds and declares that it has provided
- 4 reforms and incentives to facilitate and expedite the construction
- 5 of affordable housing. Those reforms and incentives can be found
- 6 in the following provisions:

1 (a) Housing element law (Article 10.6 (commencing with
2 Section 65580) of Chapter 3).

3 (b) Extension of statute of limitations in actions challenging the
4 housing element and brought in support of affordable housing
5 (subdivision (d) of Section 65009).

6 (c) Restrictions on disapproval of housing developments
7 (Section 65589.5).

8 (d) Priority for affordable housing in the allocation of water and
9 sewer hookups (Section 65589.7).

10 (e) Least cost zoning law (Section 65913.1).

11 (f) Density bonus law (Section 65915).

12 (g) Accessory dwelling units (Sections 65852.150 and 65852.2).

13 (h) By-right housing, in which certain multifamily housing are
14 designated a permitted use (Section 65589.4).

15 (i) No-net-loss-in zoning density law limiting downzonings and
16 density reductions (Section 65863).

17 (j) Requiring persons who sue to halt affordable housing to pay
18 attorney fees (Section 65914) or post a bond (Section 529.2 of the
19 Code of Civil Procedure).

20 (k) Reduced time for action on affordable housing applications
21 under the approval of development permits process (Article 5
22 (commencing with Section 65950) of Chapter 4.5).

23 (l) Limiting moratoriums on multifamily housing (Section
24 65858).

25 (m) Prohibiting discrimination against affordable housing
26 (Section 65008).

27 (n) California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Part 2.8
28 (commencing with Section 12900) of Division 3).

29 (o) Community redevelopment law (Part 1 (commencing with
30 Section 33000) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code, and
31 in particular Sections 33334.2 and 33413).

32 SEC. 2. Section 65583.1 of the Government Code is amended
33 to read:

34 65583.1. (a) The Department of Housing and Community
35 Development, in evaluating a proposed or adopted housing element
36 for substantial compliance with this article, may allow a city or
37 county to identify adequate sites, as required pursuant to Section
38 65583, by a variety of methods, including, but not limited to,
39 redesignation of property to a more intense land use category and
40 increasing the density allowed within one or more categories. The

1 department may also allow a city or county to identify sites for
2 accessory dwelling units based on the number of accessory
3 dwelling units developed in the prior housing element planning
4 period whether or not the units are permitted by right, the need for
5 these units in the community, the resources or incentives available
6 for their development, and any other relevant factors, as determined
7 by the department. Nothing in this section reduces the responsibility
8 of a city or county to identify, by income category, the total number
9 of sites for residential development as required by this article.

10 (b) Sites that contain permanent housing units located on a
11 military base undergoing closure or conversion as a result of action
12 pursuant to the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base
13 Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526), the Defense
14 Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-510),
15 or any subsequent act requiring the closure or conversion of a
16 military base may be identified as an adequate site if the housing
17 element demonstrates that the housing units will be available for
18 occupancy by households within the planning period of the
19 element. No sites containing housing units scheduled or planned
20 for demolition or conversion to nonresidential uses shall qualify
21 as an adequate site.

22 Any city, city and county, or county using this subdivision shall
23 address the progress in meeting this section in the reports provided
24 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 65400.

25 (c) (1) The Department of Housing and Community
26 Development may allow a city or county to substitute the provision
27 of units for up to 25 percent of the community's obligation to
28 identify adequate sites for any income category in its housing
29 element pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section
30 65583 where the community includes in its housing element a
31 program committing the local government to provide units in that
32 income category within the city or county that will be made
33 available through the provision of committed assistance during
34 the planning period covered by the element to low- and very low
35 income households at affordable housing costs or affordable rents,
36 as defined in Sections 50052.5 and 50053 of the Health and Safety
37 Code, and which meet the requirements of paragraph (2). Except
38 as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the community may
39 substitute one dwelling unit for one dwelling unit site in the

1 applicable income category. The program shall do all of the
2 following:

3 (A) Identify the specific, existing sources of committed
4 assistance and dedicate a specific portion of the funds from those
5 sources to the provision of housing pursuant to this subdivision.

6 (B) Indicate the number of units that will be provided to both
7 low- and very low income households and demonstrate that the
8 amount of dedicated funds is sufficient to develop the units at
9 affordable housing costs or affordable rents.

10 (C) Demonstrate that the units meet the requirements of
11 paragraph (2).

12 (2) Only units that comply with subparagraph (A), (B), or (C)
13 qualify for inclusion in the housing element program described in
14 paragraph (1), as follows:

15 (A) Units that are to be substantially rehabilitated with
16 committed assistance from the city or county and constitute a net
17 increase in the community's stock of housing affordable to low-
18 and very low income households. For purposes of this
19 subparagraph, a unit is not eligible to be "substantially
20 rehabilitated" unless all of the following requirements are met:

21 (i) At the time the unit is identified for substantial rehabilitation,
22 (I) the local government has determined that the unit is at imminent
23 risk of loss to the housing stock, (II) the local government has
24 committed to provide relocation assistance pursuant to Chapter 16
25 (commencing with Section 7260) of Division 7 of Title 1 to any
26 occupants temporarily or permanently displaced by the
27 rehabilitation or code enforcement activity, or the relocation is
28 otherwise provided prior to displacement either as a condition of
29 receivership, or provided by the property owner or the local
30 government pursuant to Article 2.5 (commencing with Section
31 17975) of Chapter 5 of Part 1.5 of Division 13 of the Health and
32 Safety Code, or as otherwise provided by local ordinance; provided
33 the assistance includes not less than the equivalent of four months'
34 rent and moving expenses and comparable replacement housing
35 consistent with the moving expenses and comparable replacement
36 housing required pursuant to Section 7260, (III) the local
37 government requires that any displaced occupants will have the
38 right to reoccupy the rehabilitated units, and (IV) the unit has been
39 found by the local government or a court to be unfit for human
40 habitation due to the existence of at least four violations of the

1 conditions listed in subdivisions (a) to (g), inclusive, of Section
2 17995.3 of the Health and Safety Code.

3 (ii) The rehabilitated unit will have long-term affordability
4 covenants and restrictions that require the unit to be available to,
5 and occupied by, persons or families of low- or very low income
6 at affordable housing costs for at least 20 years or the time period
7 required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation.

8 (iii) Prior to initial occupancy after rehabilitation, the local code
9 enforcement agency shall issue a certificate of occupancy indicating
10 compliance with all applicable state and local building code and
11 health and safety code requirements.

12 (B) Units that are located either on foreclosed property or in a
13 multifamily rental or ownership housing complex of three or more
14 units, are converted with committed assistance from the city or
15 county from nonaffordable to affordable by acquisition of the unit
16 or the purchase of affordability covenants and restrictions for the
17 unit, are not acquired by eminent domain, and constitute a net
18 increase in the community's stock of housing affordable to low-
19 and very low income households. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, a unit is not converted by acquisition or the purchase
21 of affordability covenants unless all of the following occur:

22 (i) The unit is made available for rent at a cost affordable to
23 low- or very low income households.

24 (ii) At the time the unit is identified for acquisition, the unit is
25 not available at an affordable housing cost to either of the
26 following:

27 (I) Low-income households, if the unit will be made affordable
28 to low-income households.

29 (II) Very low income households, if the unit will be made
30 affordable to very low income households.

31 (iii) At the time the unit is identified for acquisition the unit is
32 not occupied by low- or very low income households or if the
33 acquired unit is occupied, the local government has committed to
34 provide relocation assistance prior to displacement, if any, pursuant
35 to Chapter 16 (commencing with Section 7260) of Division 7 of
36 Title 1 to any occupants displaced by the conversion, or the
37 relocation is otherwise provided prior to displacement; provided
38 the assistance includes not less than the equivalent of four months'
39 rent and moving expenses and comparable replacement housing

1 consistent with the moving expenses and comparable replacement
2 housing required pursuant to Section 7260.

3 (iv) The unit is in decent, safe, and sanitary condition at the
4 time of occupancy.

5 (v) The unit has long-term affordability covenants and
6 restrictions that require the unit to be affordable to persons of low-
7 or very low income for not less than 55 years.

8 (vi) For units located in multifamily ownership housing
9 complexes with three or more units, or on or after January 1, 2015,
10 on foreclosed properties, at least an equal number of
11 new-construction multifamily rental units affordable to lower
12 income households have been constructed in the city or county
13 within the same planning period as the number of ownership units
14 to be converted.

15 (C) Units that will be preserved at affordable housing costs to
16 persons or families of low- or very low incomes with committed
17 assistance from the city or county by acquisition of the unit or the
18 purchase of affordability covenants for the unit. For purposes of
19 this subparagraph, a unit shall not be deemed preserved unless all
20 of the following occur:

21 (i) The unit has long-term affordability covenants and
22 restrictions that require the unit to be affordable to, and reserved
23 for occupancy by, persons of the same or lower income group as
24 the current occupants for a period of at least 40 years.

25 (ii) The unit is within an “assisted housing development,” as
26 defined in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 65863.10.

27 (iii) The city or county finds, after a public hearing, that the unit
28 is eligible, and is reasonably expected, to change from housing
29 affordable to low- and very low income households to any other
30 use during the next five years due to termination of subsidy
31 contracts, mortgage prepayment, or expiration of restrictions on
32 use.

33 (iv) The unit is in decent, safe, and sanitary condition at the
34 time of occupancy.

35 (v) At the time the unit is identified for preservation it is
36 available at affordable cost to persons or families of low- or very
37 low income.

38 (3) This subdivision does not apply to any city or county that,
39 during the current or immediately prior planning period, as defined
40 by Section 65588, has not met any of its share of the regional need

1 for affordable housing, as defined in Section 65584, for low- and
2 very low income households. A city or county shall document for
3 any housing unit that a building permit has been issued and all
4 development and permit fees have been paid or the unit is eligible
5 to be lawfully occupied.

6 (4) For purposes of this subdivision, “committed assistance”
7 means that the city or county enters into a legally enforceable
8 agreement during the period from the beginning of the projection
9 period until the end of the second year of the planning period that
10 obligates sufficient available funds to provide the assistance
11 necessary to make the identified units affordable and that requires
12 that the units be made available for occupancy within two years
13 of the execution of the agreement. “Committed assistance” does
14 not include tenant-based rental assistance.

15 (5) For purposes of this subdivision, “net increase” includes
16 only housing units provided committed assistance pursuant to
17 subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2) in the current planning
18 period, as defined in Section 65588, that were not provided
19 committed assistance in the immediately prior planning period.

20 (6) For purposes of this subdivision, “the time the unit is
21 identified” means the earliest time when any city or county agent,
22 acting on behalf of a public entity, has proposed in writing or has
23 proposed orally or in writing to the property owner, that the unit
24 be considered for substantial rehabilitation, acquisition, or
25 preservation.

26 (7) In the third year of the planning period, as defined by Section
27 65588, in the report required pursuant to Section 65400, each city
28 or county that has included in its housing element a program to
29 provide units pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of
30 paragraph (2) shall report in writing to the legislative body, and
31 to the department within 30 days of making its report to the
32 legislative body, on its progress in providing units pursuant to this
33 subdivision. The report shall identify the specific units for which
34 committed assistance has been provided or which have been made
35 available to low- and very low income households, and it shall
36 adequately document how each unit complies with this subdivision.
37 If, by July 1 of the third year of the planning period, the city or
38 county has not entered into an enforceable agreement of committed
39 assistance for all units specified in the programs adopted pursuant
40 to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2), the city or county

1 shall, not later than July 1 of the fourth year of the planning period,
2 adopt an amended housing element in accordance with Section
3 65585, identifying additional adequate sites pursuant to paragraph
4 (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 65583 sufficient to accommodate
5 the number of units for which committed assistance was not
6 provided. If a city or county does not amend its housing element
7 to identify adequate sites to address any shortfall, or fails to
8 complete the rehabilitation, acquisition, purchase of affordability
9 covenants, or the preservation of any housing unit within two years
10 after committed assistance was provided to that unit, it shall be
11 prohibited from identifying units pursuant to subparagraph (A),
12 (B), or (C) of paragraph (2) in the housing element that it adopts
13 for the next planning period, as defined in Section 65588, above
14 the number of units actually provided or preserved due to
15 committed assistance.

16 (d) A city or county may reduce its share of the regional housing
17 need by the number of units built between the start of the projection
18 period and the deadline for adoption of the housing element. If the
19 city or county reduces its share pursuant to this subdivision, the
20 city or county shall include in the housing element a description
21 of the methodology for assigning those housing units to an income
22 category based on actual or projected sales price, rent levels, or
23 other mechanisms establishing affordability.

24 SEC. 3. Section 65589.4 of the Government Code is amended
25 to read:

26 65589.4. (a) An attached housing development shall be a
27 permitted use not subject to a conditional use permit on any parcel
28 zoned for an attached housing development if local law so provides
29 or if it satisfies the requirements of subdivision (b) and either of
30 the following:

31 (1) The attached housing development satisfies the criteria of
32 Section 21159.22, 21159.23, or 21159.24 of the Public Resources
33 Code.

34 (2) The attached housing development meets all of the following
35 criteria:

36 (A) The attached housing development is subject to a
37 discretionary decision other than a conditional use permit and a
38 negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration has been
39 adopted for the attached housing development under the California
40 Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section

21000) of the Public Resources Code). If no public hearing is held with respect to the discretionary decision, then the negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration for the attached housing development may be adopted only after a public hearing to receive comments on the negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration.

(B) The attached housing development is consistent with both the jurisdiction's zoning ordinance and general plan as it existed on the date the application was deemed complete, except that an attached housing development shall not be deemed to be inconsistent with the zoning designation for the site if that zoning designation is inconsistent with the general plan only because the attached housing development site has not been rezoned to conform with the most recent adopted general plan.

(C) The attached housing development is located in an area that is covered by one of the following documents that has been adopted by the jurisdiction within five years of the date the application for the attached housing development was deemed complete:

(i) A general plan.

(ii) A revision or update to the general plan that includes at least the land use and circulation elements.

(iii) An applicable community plan.

(iv) An applicable specific plan.

(D) The attached housing development consists of not more than 100 residential units with a minimum density of not less than 12 units per acre or a minimum density of not less than eight units per acre if the attached housing development consists of four or fewer units.

(E) The attached housing development is located in an urbanized area as defined in Section 21071 of the Public Resources Code or within a census-defined place with a population density of at least 5,000 persons per square mile or, if the attached housing development consists of 50 or fewer units, within an incorporated city with a population density of at least 2,500 persons per square mile and a total population of at least 25,000 persons.

(F) The attached housing development is located on an infill site as defined in Section 21061.0.5 of the Public Resources Code.

(b) At least 10 percent of the units of the attached housing development shall be available at affordable housing cost to very low income households, as defined in Section 50105 of the Health

1 and Safety Code, or at least 20 percent of the units of the attached
2 housing development shall be available at affordable housing cost
3 to lower income households, as defined in Section 50079.5 of the
4 Health and Safety Code, or at least 50 percent of the units of the
5 attached housing development available at affordable housing cost
6 to moderate-income households, consistent with Section 50052.5
7 of the Health and Safety Code. The developer of the attached
8 housing development shall provide sufficient legal commitments
9 to the local agency to ensure the continued availability and use of
10 the housing units for very low, low-, or moderate-income
11 households for a period of at least 30 years.

12 (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from
13 applying design and site review standards in existence on the date
14 the application was deemed complete.

15 (d) The provisions of this section are independent of any
16 obligation of a jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section
17 65583 to identify multifamily sites developable by right.

18 (e) This section does not apply to the issuance of coastal
19 development permits pursuant to the California Coastal Act
20 (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public
21 Resources Code).

22 (f) This section does not relieve a public agency from complying
23 with the California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13
24 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code)
25 or relieve an applicant or public agency from complying with the
26 Subdivision Map Act (Division 2 (commencing with Section
27 66473)).

28 (g) This section is applicable to all cities and counties, including
29 charter cities, because the Legislature finds that the lack of
30 affordable housing is of vital statewide importance, and thus a
31 matter of statewide concern.

32 (h) For purposes of this section, “attached housing development”
33 means a newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated structure
34 containing two or more dwelling units and consisting only of
35 residential units, but does not include an accessory dwelling unit,
36 as defined by paragraph (4) of subdivision ~~(i)~~ (j) of Section
37 65852.2, or the conversion of an existing structure to
38 condominiums.

39 SEC. 4. Section 65852.150 of the Government Code is amended
40 to read:

1 65852.150. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the
2 following:

3 (1) Accessory dwelling units are a valuable form of housing in
4 California.

5 (2) Accessory dwelling units provide housing for family
6 members, students, the elderly, in-home health care providers, the
7 disabled, and others, at below market prices within existing
8 neighborhoods.

9 (3) Homeowners who create accessory dwelling units benefit
10 from added income, and an increased sense of security.

11 (4) Allowing accessory dwelling units in single-family or
12 multifamily residential zones provides additional rental housing
13 stock in California.

14 (5) California faces a severe housing crisis.

15 (6) The state is falling far short of meeting current and future
16 housing demand with serious consequences for the state's
17 economy, our ability to build green infill consistent with state
18 greenhouse gas reduction goals, and the well-being of our citizens,
19 particularly lower and middle-income earners.

20 (7) Accessory dwelling units offer lower cost housing to meet
21 the needs of existing and future residents within existing
22 neighborhoods, while respecting architectural character.

23 (8) Accessory dwelling units are, therefore, an essential
24 component of California's housing supply.

25 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that an accessory dwelling
26 ~~unit-ordinance~~ *unit ordinance* adopted by a local agency has the
27 effect of providing for the creation of accessory dwelling units and
28 that provisions in this ordinance relating to matters including unit
29 size, parking, ~~fees~~ *fees*, and other requirements, are not so arbitrary,
30 excessive, or burdensome so as to unreasonably restrict the ability
31 of homeowners to create accessory dwelling units in zones in which
32 they are authorized by local ordinance.

33 SEC. 5. Section 65852.2 of the Government Code is amended
34 to read:

35 65852.2. (a) (1) A local agency may, by ordinance, provide
36 for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and
37 multifamily residential zones. The ordinance shall do all of the
38 following:

39 (A) Designate areas within the jurisdiction of the local agency
40 where accessory dwelling units may be permitted. The designation

1 of areas may be based on criteria, that may include, but are not
2 limited to, the adequacy of water and sewer services and the impact
3 of accessory dwelling units on traffic flow and public safety.

4 (B) Impose standards on accessory dwelling units that include,
5 but are not limited to, parking, height, setback, lot coverage,
6 architectural review, maximum size of a unit, and standards that
7 prevent adverse impacts on any real property that is listed in the
8 California Register of Historic Places.

9 (C) Provide that accessory dwelling units do not exceed the
10 allowable density for the lot upon which the accessory dwelling
11 unit is located, and that accessory dwelling units are a residential
12 use that is consistent with the existing general plan and zoning
13 designation for the lot.

14 (2) The ordinance shall not be considered in the application of
15 any local ordinance, policy, or program to limit residential growth.

16 (3) When a local agency receives its first application on or after
17 July 1, 2003, for a permit pursuant to this subdivision, the
18 application shall be considered ministerially without discretionary
19 review or a hearing, notwithstanding Section 65901 or 65906 or
20 any local ordinance regulating the issuance of variances or special
21 use permits, within 90 days of submittal of a complete building
22 permit application. A local agency may charge a fee to reimburse
23 it for costs that it incurs as a result of amendments to this paragraph
24 enacted during the 2001–02 Regular Session of the Legislature,
25 including the costs of adopting or amending any ordinance that
26 provides for the creation of accessory dwelling units.

27 (b) (1) When a local agency that has not adopted an ordinance
28 governing accessory dwelling units in accordance with subdivision
29 (a) receives its first application on or after July 1, 1983, for a permit
30 pursuant to this subdivision, the local agency shall accept the
31 application and approve or disapprove the application ministerially
32 without discretionary review pursuant to this subdivision unless
33 it adopts an ordinance in accordance with subdivision (a) within
34 90 days after receiving the application. Notwithstanding Section
35 65901 or 65906, every local agency shall ministerially approve
36 the creation of an accessory dwelling unit if the accessory dwelling
37 unit complies with all of the following:

38 (A) The unit is not intended for sale separate from the primary
39 residence and may be rented.

40 (B) The lot is zoned for single-family or multifamily use.

1 (C) The lot contains an existing single-family dwelling.

2 (D) The accessory dwelling unit is either attached to the existing
3 dwelling and located within the living area of the existing dwelling
4 or detached from the existing dwelling and located on the same
5 lot as the existing dwelling.

6 (E) The increased floor area of an attached accessory dwelling
7 unit shall not exceed 50 percent of the existing living ~~area~~ area,
8 *with a maximum increase in floor area of 1,200 square feet.*

9 (F) The total area of floorspace for a detached accessory
10 dwelling unit shall not exceed 1,200 square feet.

11 (G) Requirements relating to height, setback, lot coverage,
12 architectural review, site plan review, fees, charges, and other
13 zoning requirements generally applicable to residential construction
14 in the zone in which the property is located.

15 (H) Local building code requirements that apply to detached
16 dwellings, as appropriate.

17 (I) Approval by the local health officer where a private sewage
18 disposal system is being used, if required.

19 (2) No other local ordinance, policy, or regulation shall be the
20 basis for the denial of a building permit or a use permit under this
21 subdivision.

22 (3) This subdivision establishes the maximum standards that
23 local agencies shall use to evaluate proposed accessory dwelling
24 units on lots zoned for residential use that contain an existing
25 single-family dwelling. No additional standards, other than those
26 provided in this subdivision or subdivision (a), shall be utilized or
27 imposed, except that a local agency may require an applicant for
28 a permit issued pursuant to this subdivision to be an
29 owner-occupant or that the property be used for rentals of terms
30 longer than 30 days.

31 (4) A local agency may amend its zoning ordinance or general
32 plan to incorporate the policies, procedures, or other provisions
33 applicable to the creation of accessory dwelling units if these
34 provisions are consistent with the limitations of this subdivision.

35 (5) An accessory dwelling unit that conforms to this subdivision
36 shall not be considered to exceed the allowable density for the lot
37 upon which it is located, and shall be deemed to be a residential
38 use that is consistent with the existing general plan and zoning
39 designations for the lot. The accessory dwelling units shall not be

1 considered in the application of any local ordinance, policy, or
2 program to limit residential growth.

3 (c) A local agency may establish minimum and maximum unit
4 size requirements for both attached and detached accessory
5 dwelling units. No minimum or maximum size for an accessory
6 dwelling unit, or size based upon a percentage of the existing
7 dwelling, shall be established by ordinance for either attached or
8 detached dwellings that does not otherwise permit at least—a
9 ~~500-foot accessory dwelling unit or a 500-foot~~ an efficiency unit
10 to be constructed in compliance with local development standards.
11 Accessory dwelling units shall not be required to provide fire
12 sprinklers if they are not required for the primary residence.

13 (d) Parking requirements for accessory dwelling units shall not
14 exceed one parking space per unit or per bedroom. These spaces
15 may be provided as tandem parking on an existing driveway.
16 Off-street parking shall be permitted in setback areas in locations
17 determined by the local agency or through tandem parking, unless
18 specific findings are made that parking in setback areas or tandem
19 parking is not feasible based upon fire and life safety conditions.
20 This subdivision shall not apply to a unit that is described in
21 subdivision (e).

22 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, a local agency, whether or
23 not it has adopted an ordinance governing accessory dwelling units
24 in accordance with subdivision (a), shall not impose parking
25 standards for an accessory dwelling unit in any of the following
26 instances:

27 (1) The accessory dwelling unit is located within one-half mile
28 of public transit or shopping.

29 (2) The accessory dwelling unit is located within an
30 architecturally and historically significant historic district.

31 (3) The accessory dwelling unit is part of the existing primary
32 residence.

33 (4) When on-street parking permits are required but not offered
34 to the occupant of the accessory dwelling unit.

35 (5) When there is a car share vehicle located within one block
36 of the accessory dwelling unit.

37 (f) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) to (e), inclusive, a local
38 agency shall ministerially approve an application for a building
39 permit to create within a single-family residential zone one
40 accessory dwelling unit per single-family lot if the unit is contained

1 within the existing space of a single-family residence or accessory
2 structure, has independent exterior access from the existing
3 residence, and the side and rear setbacks are sufficient for fire
4 safety. Accessory dwelling units shall not be required to provide
5 fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary residence.

6 (g) (1) Fees charged for the construction of accessory dwelling
7 units shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 5
8 (commencing with Section ~~66000~~). ~~Accessory 66000~~ and Chapter
9 7 (commencing with Section 66012).

10 (2) Accessory dwelling units shall not be considered new
11 residential uses for the purposes of calculating ~~private or public~~
12 ~~utility~~ local agency connection fees, fees or capacity charges for
13 utilities, including water and sewer service.

14 (A) For an accessory dwelling unit described in subdivision (f),
15 a local agency shall not require the applicant to install a new or
16 separate utility connection directly between the accessory dwelling
17 unit and the utility or impose a related connection fee capacity
18 charge.

19 (B) For an accessory dwelling unit that is not described in
20 subdivision (f), a local agency may require a new or separate
21 utility connection directly between the accessory dwelling unit
22 and the utility. Consistent with Section 66013, the connection may
23 be subject to a connection fee or capacity charge that shall be
24 proportionate to the burden of the proposed accessory dwelling
25 unit, based upon either its size or the number of its plumbing
26 fixtures, upon the water or sewer system. This fee or charge shall
27 not exceed the reasonable cost of providing this service.

28 (h) This section does not limit the authority of local agencies
29 to adopt less restrictive requirements for the creation of accessory
30 dwelling units.

31 (i) Local agencies shall submit a copy of the ordinances adopted
32 pursuant to subdivision (a) to the Department of Housing and
33 Community Development within 60 days after adoption.

34 (j) As used in this section, the following terms mean:

35 (1) “~~Living area,~~” *area*” means the interior habitable area of a
36 dwelling unit including basements and attics but does not include
37 a garage or any accessory structure.

38 (2) “Local agency” means a city, county, or city and county,
39 whether general law or chartered.

1 (3) For purposes of this section, “neighborhood” has the same
2 meaning as set forth in Section 65589.5.

3 (4) “Accessory dwelling unit” means an attached or a detached
4 residential dwelling unit which provides complete independent
5 living facilities for one or more persons. It shall include permanent
6 provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation on
7 the same parcel as the single-family dwelling is situated. An
8 accessory dwelling unit also includes the following:

9 (A) An efficiency unit, as defined in Section 17958.1 of Health
10 and Safety Code.

11 (B) A manufactured home, as defined in Section 18007 of the
12 Health and Safety Code.

13 (k) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede or in
14 any way alter or lessen the effect or application of the California
15 Coastal Act (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of
16 the Public Resources Code), except that the local government shall
17 not be required to hold public hearings for coastal development
18 permit applications for ~~second~~ *accessory dwelling* units.

19 SEC. 6. Section 66412.2 of the Government Code is amended
20 to read:

21 66412.2. This division shall not apply to the construction,
22 financing, or leasing of dwelling units pursuant to Section 65852.1
23 or accessory dwelling units pursuant to Section 65852.2, but this
24 division shall be applicable to the sale or transfer, but not leasing,
25 of those units.

26 SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
27 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
28 a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service
29 charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or
30 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section
31 17556 of the Government Code.